REG
M 1263

SUPPLEMENT TO JUSTICE

TELEPHONE NO 58[illegible]

SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 16, 1918.

THE ARMISTICE

SCENES IN LONDON

THEIR MAJESTIES TOUR SOUTH LONDON

[REUTER]

London, Nov. 14.
5-55 P.M.

Their Majesties toured South London to-day and were enthusiastically cheered by great crowds.

REVOLUTION

DISTRUST IN PARIS

Most of the Paris newspapers distrust the attitude of Germany's new rulers. "Le Matin" declares that they are playing at revolution in order to secure a modification of the entente's terms. The "Echo de Paris" says that the German revolution is an elaborate camouflage.

AN ORGY OF REJOICING

London, Nov. 14.

There was an orgy of rejoicing in London last night. Trafalgar square was packed with a hundred thousand people shouting, singing, dancing, waving flags and setting off fireworks. Officers mounted the lions and sent up fairy lights. German guns were hauled from the Mall. Their wooden wheels were thrown into a bonfire. Other guns were dragged in triumphant procession through the streets. Similar scenes were enacted throughout the whole of the West End thoroughfares which were absolutely impassable. The number of vehicles was a feature of the demonstrations in which it is estimated a million people participated. There was an absence of drunkenness and general good humour prevailed.

THE EX-CROWN PRINCE

ARRIVAL IN MAESTRICHT

London, Nov. 14.
6-5 P.M.

Various rumours as to the whereabout of the German Ex-Crown Prince have been set at rest by definite report from Amsterdam that he crossed into Holland at Oudvrienhoven with suite and four automobiles and was brought to the Government House at Mastricht. Apparently the authorities are considering the Problem presented by the arrival of the unwelcome visitor.

EX-CROWN PRINCE'S SANGFROID

London, Nov. 15.

AMSTERDAM.—Three officers accompanied the Crown Prince who, on leaving Spa, motored by a circuitous route to avoid the German troops. All four were disarmed by the Duch Frontier Guards. The quartette were then provided with food and beer to which they did ample justice. The Crown Prince who appeared in especially good mettle chatted vivaciously with the Guards, asking for all the latest from Berlin and smoking cigarettes the while. It is now certain that the Kaiser is not accompanied by any of his family. He and several German officers motored for two hours in the neighbourhood of Agrongen.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO ENGLAND

London, Nov. 14.
8-50 P.M.

Reuter's learns that President Wilson is coming to England shortly.

KING AND QUEEN OF BELGIAN

TO ENTER BRUSSELS FORMALLY

London, Nov. 14.

The King and Queen of Belgians have arranged formally to enter Brussels on 16th November.

ALSACE-LORRAINE

HIGH COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED

PARIS.—The Government has appointed High Commissioners to administer Alsace Lorraine.

BAVARIAN TROOPS EVACUATE TYROL

London, Nov. 14.

AMSTERDAM.—A telegram from Innsbruck states that Bavarian troops have evacuated Tyrol.

FLIGHT OF TURKISH POLITICIANS

It is reported that Talaat Pasha, Enver Pasha, Dumal Pasha and Nazim Bey have fled from Constantinople. They are accused of misappropriation of State funds and crimes against International Law.

GENERAL MACKENSEN'S ARMY

London, Nov. 14.

A Budapest message states that the Hungarian Government is providing six trains daily for the transport of Mackensen's army.

DISCIPLINE TO BE MAINTAINED

London, Nov. 14.
5 P.M.

COPENHAGEN.—A Berlin telegram states that the Government requests that military discipline and right of punishment be maintained in fleet that officers be obeyed and that Soviets support them in maintaining discipline. Finally it issues a warning against damaging ships and other establishments.

THE AALAND ISLANDS

DESIRES UNION WITH SWEDEN

London, Nov. 14.

STOCKHOLM.—The delegation from Aaland islands has informed the allies that the islanders unanimously desire union with Sweden.

GERMAN WITHDRAWAL PROCEEDING

London, Nov. 14.

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters says that the troops are busily preparing to advance towards the Rhine. This advance is expected to begin within a few days. The German withdrawal is proceeding generally in an orderly fashion. Many regiments are marching back with their bands playing.

HEROISM OF A TOMMY

GERMANS PROFOUNDLY IMPRESSED

London, Nov. 14.

The Germans widely related a story of the heroism of a Tommy belonging to the Thirty-fourth Division. The Prussians after being repeatedly mown down surrounded a British machine-gun post. A Prussian officer with a white flag raised was amazed to find a solitary wounded lad alive who though promised kind treatment if he surrendered told the Prussian to retire if he valued his life as he meant to die with his comrades. The officer retired and the fusilade recommenced until the lad's machine-gun was silenced. The Germans were profoundly impressed by this heroism.

AUSTRIA'S REQUEST TO PRESIDENT WILSON

London, Nov. 15.

WASHINGTON.—Austria has asked President Wilson to use his good offices with the allies for a modification of the Turkish armistice terms and so permit the several thousand Austro-Hungarians to remain in Turkish territory instead of returning home thus adding to the serious food problem.

RUSSIA

AN ANTI-SEMITIC PROGRAMME

London, Nov. 14.

The Foreign Office, hearing that an anti-semitic programme is proceeding in Warsaw, issues a warning against violence which is threatening the people from the Rhine to the Volga and points out that the Allies and the United States are ready to help in the restoration of order but that they will be powerless if the people embark on anarchy.

HOLLAND

A PROCLAMATION

London, Nov. 15.

HAGUE.—A Proclamation signed by the whole Cabinet appeals for the co-operation of the whole people to prevent disturbances arising from the economic situation. The Cabinet says that, in view of the announcement that the minority intends to seize power, the Government is determined to maintain authority and order.

NEWSPAPER CENSORSHIP IN AMERICA

London, Nov. 14.

WASHINGTON.—The withdrawal of newspaper censorship is officially announced.

WORLD RECONSTRUCTION

COLLAPSE OF MILITARISM

AN INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION IMPERATIVE

London, Nov. 14.

General Smuts representing the Government, as host at a dinner in London to the American editors said :—America's collaboration with the British Empire in the reconstruction of the future of the world was as significant and promising as her entry into the war. General Smuts paid a tribute to the largehearted and sportsman-like way in which the British were celebrating the peace. There was no vindictiveness and there were no hymns of hate. We had had little differences with the British as the Americans had had, but they had freely and frankly to admit that the British were a great people (Cheers). The Fearfulness of the fate of Prussian Militarism was a most awful and solemn judgment in history. But all Europe was to-day broken and bleeding and ancient institutions were collapsing wholesale. There was a great danger of a setback from which Europe would not recover for generations. The allies would have now to organise the world against hunger and unemployment.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Owing to the new continental situation it was happily being recognised that the League of Nations had become a sheer practical necessity. The interallied machinery, which was going to ration the countries against hunger, was a first step towards the League. Similarly, owing to shortages, raw materials would have to be rationed. The future map of Europe would, he said, soon be a veritable medley of small nations, some of which were already threatened with internal disorders. Therefore a future international organisation to keep the peace was imperative. Thus the League from small beginnings would develop the vitality and attract a great volume of public opinion, eventually becoming strong enough to essay the supreme task of preserving the world peace. The League, moreover, would be usefully employed to depute a nation to act on the League's behalf in governing certain territories as in the case of some German ex-colonies. Some of these were quite fairly and properly claimed by and would have to be given to the Dominion which conquered them. But, continued General Smuts, as regards those not so claimed certain powers might be deputed to hold the colonies as mandatories of the League until the question of their ultimate disposal had seen settled, because the allies would resist to the utmost their restoration to Germany as it was impossible to foresee how Germany would develop in future.

A POLICY OF CONCILIATION

Concluding, General Smuts made an eloquent appeal for the best use of the present opportunities. The age of miracles, he said was never past. The whole world was being remade to better ends on lines of universal freedom and justice, thus permanently establishing goodwill among classes and nations. The history of South Africa since the Boer war bore immortal testimony to the wisdom of the policy of conciliation. If the victors of this greatest of wars approached the problems in the same large temper as the British did in South Africa, he believed a great reconciliation of the peoples might eventuate even to the disappearance of war itself.

RELIEF MEASURES IN HOLLAND

London, Nov. 15.

Reuter learns that the allies are taking most energetic steps to relieve food shortage in Holland, which is the chief cause of the present unrest. The situation is already easier and it is hoped that allied action will alleviate the gravity of the position.

RESIGNATION OF AUSTRIAN CABINET

London, Nov. 15

AMSTERDAM.—A message from Vienna states that the Lammasch Cabinet has resigned.

TROOPS RETURNING FROM FRONT

London, Nov. 15.

A message from Berlin states that the Chief Burgomaster has issued a statement that great numbers of German troops are returning from the front in a most disorderly fashion and appealing to all parties to counteract the danger.

London, Nov. 15.

COPENHAGEN.—The Centre party of the Reichstag has issued an appeal demanding equal rights for its principles. The National Liberals in an appeal promise to co-operate in the establishment of a truly democratic state and demand early election of a National Convention.

IN GREAT BRITAIN

THE GENERAL ELECTION

SUMMONING OF NEW PARLIAMENT

London, Nov. 14.
3-45 P. M.

In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law announced that he proposed to recommend to His Majesty to issue on 25th November a proclamation summoning the New Parliament. The nomination day would be on 4th December and polling day on 14th December and votes would be counted on 21st December or 28th December.

HIS MAJESTY'S MESSAGE TO EMPIRE

London, Nov. 14.
5-55 P.M.

In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law stated that His Majesty had intimated that he wished to send a message to the Empire by addressing both the Houses of Parliament and the official representatives of the Dominions and India in England. It had been decided that the best way of doing this would be that both the Houses of Parliament should present an address to His Majesty. The Address would be moved in both houses on 18th November and 19th November and both houses will proceed to the Royal Gallery to receive His Majesty's reply.

DEBATE IN COMMONS

CUSTODY OF GALLIPOLI

London, Nov. 14.
5-45 P.M.

In the House of Commons Mr. Newman suggested that peace terms with Turkey should ensure to the British Empire the effective custody of that portion of Gallipoli where so many of the Dardanelles expeditionary force were buried. Lord Robert Cecil replied that he was grateful for the suggestion which would be carefully borne in mind.

FUTURE BRITISH SHIPPING

London, Nov. 14.
10-20 P. M.

In the House of Commons Sir Chiozza-Money stated that that British shipping output would soon be three million tons yearly. He believed that British shipping would play a part in future not inferior to the past.

DECORATION FOR ARMY AND NAVY

London, Nov. 14.

In the House of Commons Mr. Macpherson announced that it had been agreed that a star, similar to 1914 star but dated 1914-1915, should be given to all Naval men and marines who had served on a warship at sea prior to December 31st 1915 and to all soldiers and members of the airforces who served in any theatre of war prior to the same date. Nobody would receive the 1914-1915 star as well as the 1914 star.

THE LABOUR PARTY

London, Nov. 14.

The Labour Party held a conference and passed a resolution in favour of Labour members withdrawing from the Government by 2,117,000 votes against 80,000.

RACING IN ENGLAND

VETO WITHDRAWN

London, Nov. 4.

The Government veto on the winter racing has been withdrawn.

London, Nov. 14.

In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law stated that Parliament would be prorouged on 20th or 21st November.

REVICTUALING NEUTRAL AND ENEMY COUNTRIES

London, Nov. 14.

In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law stated that immediate steps were being taken to revictual the neutral and enemy countries, but any disturbance of public order would delay and perhaps prevent allied assistance.

ADDRESS TO HIS MAJESTY

London, Nov. 14.

The Premier will move in the House of Commons on 17th November that an humble address be presented to His Majesty congratulating His Majesty on the conclusion of the armistice and the prospects of a victorious peace.

VICTORY CELEBRATIONS

IN MADRAS

PARADE ON THE ISLAND

The parade this morning on the Island was a most imposing spectacle. It would have been much grander and more successful as a spectacular show had not, unfortunately, the rains begun to fall in the morning. There was a pretty downpour overnight which rendered the ground wet and slushy and the morning broke with a cloudy sky. About 8 o'clock there was a slight drizzle. But this did not however prevent spectators coming to see the parade. In spite of the inclement weather there was a large crowd of about twenty thousand present among whom were most of the prominent men in the city with their families. His Excellency Lady Pentland accompanied by Captain Peet, A.D.C. arrived early and alighted near the saluting base. Around the saluting base was a number of officers inside a cordon formed of His Excellency's Body Guard.

The Parade was under the command of Brigadier-General Burton, Officer Commanding the Madras Brigade, and the 10th Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles, No. 6 Special Section R. F. A., Anglo-Indian Force Infantry, First Madras Guards, (Det.) No. 2 Reserve Battalion (India) and 1—32 Madras and Southern Maharatta Railway Rifles took part. These were further strengthened by the addition of the Boy Scouts of Madras led by the Scout Commissioner Rev. Ashcroft. There were altogether about 4000 men and the long line presented a very imposing spectacle indeed. The troops were formed in line facing the north. His Excellency Lord Pentland accompanied by the Body Guard and the Military Secretary and A. D. C's. arrived on horseback punctually at 8-15. The troops presented arms after which His Excellency inspected them. He then returned to the saluting base and called for three cheers to His Majesty the King which was most heartily responded to by the men and the spectators. The troops were then formed into platoons and marched past, the S. P. M. R. leading. While the march past was going on a heavy shower came down and drenched the whole gathering. After this the troops reformed into line and went on a route march through the town proceeding by the Body Guard Road to General Hospital Road, and then along the Rattan Bazaar Road, Flower Bazaar and Esplanade and then returned to the Fort where the parade broke up and the different units went to their respective headquarters. It would have been a most successful show but for the rains which marred the spectacular effect to some extent.

FEEDING THE POOR

A large number of poor were fed to-day in all 20 Municipal Divisions between the hours of 11 and 2. The feeding took place at the following places:—

Emigration Depot, Sriyanarayana Chetti Street.

Hindu Secondary School Premises, Thiruvothiyur High Road.

68, Thiruvothiyur High Road.

Mercoir Lubbai Street.

Kachaleswarer Agrabaram.

North end of Acharappan Street.

Thiruvannamalai Madam, behind Thondai Mandalam School, Sivangnanam Park, Seven Wells, Annadana Samajam and at Krishnappa Naick Tank Street (North end).

Vysya Ramanujacootam in Govindappa Naick Street and Ramanujacootam in Mulla Sahib Street.

Nyneappa Naick Street and Wall Tax Road Theatre.

Perambore Barracks and Vyasarpady and Mr. Ramanujam Chettiar's High School, Perambore.

Annadana Samajam near Gangatheeswarer Koil Tank.

Near Moore Pavilion.

Veeraswami Pillai Street, Egmore.

Ramaswami Mudaliyar Choultry, Poonamallee High Road.

Kingsford, McMichols Road, Chetput.

Temple Square, Chintadripet.

Annadana Samajam Pillayar Koil Street, Off Ellis Road.

Corporation School, Venkatarangam Pillai Street.

Luke's Bungalow adjoining Royapettah Police Station.

Bashiyam Aiyangar's Market. Royapettah High Road.

CONSERVANCY COOLIES

were fed at the Depots at Kistnampet, Harris Road, Chulai, Basin Bridge Road.

THE MADRAS DEPRESSED CLASSES MISSION SOCIETY.

(From a correspondent.)

A public meeting was held on the 12th of all the depressed classes living at Vyasarpadi at the school building. After the usual prayer and singing of the children, an address was delivered on the significance of the Day celebration by Swami Brahmananda, Mr. M. R. Jumunathan and by a member of the Hindu Good Templars League. After the singing of National Anthem sweets and fruits were distributed by the members of the above League and the meeting terminated with three cheers to the King Emperor.

SRI VEDANTA DESIKAR TEMPLE, MYLAPORE.

(From a correspondent.)

A correspondent writes:—The 13th instant was a day of great rejoicing. Prayers were offered and Tirumanjanam to the Deity in the evening followed by a torchlight procession of the Deity through the Mada Streets of Sri Kesavaperumal and Kabaleswarar temples which ended by 8 P. M. The procession of the Deity referred to above was undertaken by Mr. V. Venkataswami Aiyangar, son of the late Sir V. Bashiam Aiyangar and Proprietor of the Madras Motor Works.

IN PURASAWALKAM

(From a correspondent.)

A public meeting of the citizens of Purasawalkam was held this morning at "Parvati Bavan" under the presidency of Mr. S. Rathnavelu Chettiar, Dubash of Messrs. Best & Co., for concerting measures to celebrate at Purasawakum the cessation of hostilities. At the request of some Christian residents of the locality, it was resolved that the celebration be fixed for Tuesday the 19th instant instead of to-morrow and a programme of feeding 500 poor, Abishekams and Archanas in the local temples, lighting of streets, public meeting at 6 P. M. and a grand procession etc. were decided on.

HINDU TEMPERANCE LODGE (MADRAS)

(From a correspondent.)

The Members of the Hindu Temperance Lodge met in one of their weekly sessions on 12-11-1918 in the Thondaimandalam High School Hall and offered their prayers to the Almighty God for having brought the great European War to a succeseful termination.

In pursuance of a resolution passed on a previous day, sweat-meats and plantains were on 13-11-18 distributed free to the school-children of the depressed classes at Vysarpady and also to the elderly students of the night-school.

C. R. C FREE NIGHT SCHOOL, EGMORE

(From a correspondent.)

The students were assembled in the school premises and the glad news was announced to the students which evoked high enthusiasm among them. Sweets were distributed to the students by Mr. K. Sundar Rao and amidst the shouts of "Long live the King" the school was closed for the day.

THE PRINCE OF ARCOT

The Hon'ble the Prince of Arcot, G. C. I. E. had prayers of thanksgiving offered in all the mosques in his control in Madras and the mofussil for the conclusion of an Armistice with Germany and the cessation of hostilities in all the fronts. To-day he is giving a treat to the children of the Mussalman orphange and the Madrasa situated in the Big Moques of H. H. Nawab Wallajah at Triplicane.

IN TIRUR

(From a correspondent.)

Tirur, Nov. 13.

Tirur successfully celebrated the armistice by feeding school children and the poor. Grand processions decoration, illumination and fire works were the special features.—(By wire.)

KOILPATTI (TINNEVELLY)

(From a correspondent.)

The Zemindar of Elayarasanandal Part II Tinnevelly District with his wonted liberality fed at his expense the needy and poor of more than 1300, at Koilpatti in connection with the Armistice celebeation on the 13th.—(By wire.)

THE SANMARGA SANGAM. (PALGHAT)

(From a correspondent.)

The President of the Sangam sent the following telegram to the Private Secretary to H.E. the Governor:—

The Sanmarga Dangam members in meeting assembled beg to convey their heart felt and respectfull congratulations to His Majesty the King-Emperor on the surrender of Germany and cessation of hostilities.—(By wire.)

KARIKAL

(From a correspondent.)

The long expected end of war being announced great were the rejoicing felt by one and all here. Thanks giving was offered in the church and bells by merry peals announced the day of Victory. In this connection the S. M. V. Rice Mill of Porayar Road owned by Mr. M. Saminatha Pillay caused 200 Kalams of paddy to be milled in his Mill free of charge.

IN BEZAVADA.

(From a correspondent.)

Bezavada, Nov. 14.

There were great rejoicings here at the Allies' success and the termination of the war. A public meeting was held yesterday at the Mission School, the Superintending Engineer presiding. Loyal and enthusiastic speeches were made; verses in English and Telugu were read; sweets were distributed to school children; a large procession with King Emperor's photo went round the town; Ganpat Devaraju, the leading Guzaratee merchant fed thousands of poor people with fine table rice and is also feeding them to-day at Masulipatam in his branch office.—(By wire.)

IN VIRUDUPATTI

(From a correspondent.)

Virudupatti, Nov. 14.

The Virudupatti centre of flourishing commerce and headquarters of the powerful Nadar community celebrated the victory day yesterday in a splendid style. When the news was received on Tuesday the leaders of the Nadar community forthwith arranged for a celebration for which Rs. 1500 was immediately subscribed and the town was beautifully decorated with flags and buntings and a public meeting was held in Kshatriya Vidayasala at which Mr. Sennek I. C. S., Divisional Officer and Messrs V. V. Shunmuga Nadar, Harihara Iyer and Manikavasaga Nadar, Headmaster were speakers. A procession of school children and elders with an elephant carrying the photo of Their Majesties went round the principal streets. Upwards of ten thousand poor were fed throughout the day at Manjapettai and a special meeting of Rao Bahadur Ratnaswami Nadar's Memorial Reading Room members was held to celebrate the event and V. H. P. Kumarasami Nadar, President, sent a telegram of congratulation to H. E. the Governor at night fall. The whole town was illuminated and there was a procession of idols and fireworks and the S.P.P. Ponappanadar Taluk and District Board member and Nattamai Karuppa Nadar leaders of the community were responsible for the arrangements and deserve to be congratulated on the success of their labour.—(By wire.)

IN TRIVANDRUM.

(From a Correspondent.)

One of the grandest public celebrations ever held in Trivandrum took place yesterday in connection with the signing of armistice by Germany. Immediately on receipt of information on the 12th instant that armistice had been signed the Darbar declared yesterday a public holiday, issued telegraphic instructions to all parts of the State that the day should be celebrated on as grand a scale as possible, on the lines of Delhi Coronation Darbar day in 1911. Trivandrum was particularly grand and striking in the morning yesterday. A procession with the police band went round the town announcing the day. Special religious services were offered in all temples, churches and mosques. All public buildings, private buildings, also numerous lanes and bazars and streets were gaily decorated with flags, festoons, evergreens plantain bunches etc. Arches with appropriate mottoes were erected on the main road. The poor were fed by public subscription at different centres in the town at 4-30 P. M. A grand public meeting was held in the Victoria Jubilee Town Hall under the Presidency of H. L. Braidwood, Resident. The Hall was full and large crowds had to stand outside. Military band was in attendance. The first resolution expressing unbounded joy and gratification of the people of Travancore at the signing of armistice by Germany, their profound thankfulness to the Providence at the cessation of war and complete triumph of truth, justice and righteousness was moved by Dewan Bahadur M. Krishnan Nair in a felicitous speech. The resolution was eloquently seconded by Col. Faunce, Commandant, Nair Brigade and was enthusiastically supported by Messrs. N. S. Aiyar, Senior Dewan Peishkar; A. M. Muthunayagam Pillai and Dewan Bahadur A. Govinda Pillai, retired Judges of the High Court and other prominent gentlemen representing various communities in the State. The next resolution offering humble, loyal and heartfelt congratulations of the public to His Majesty King Emperor for the glorious success of the British arms in conjunction with those of the Allies in the cause of humanity, liberty and civilisation was moved by Mr. K. Raman Menon, Chief Justice and seconded by Mr. John, leader of the local bar and supported by Mr. Ramakrishna Aiyar, retired Dewan Peishkar and Rev Arthur Parker of the London Mission and other representative gentlemen. Rev Fr. Dominic, Belgian Missionary, attached to the local Roman Catholic church also spoke. The resolution was specially greeted in loud deafening cheers. The President wound up the proceedings in an eloquent speech. The meeting was brought to a close at 6-15 P.M. with singing of National Anthem by the ladies and gentlemen assembled to the accompaniment of band. Three ringing cheers to His Majesty the King Emperor was called forth. Even before the termination of the meeting illumination of main buildings and streets in the town had been commenced on an unprecedented scale, the palaces of His Highness the Maharaja within the Fort at Kanakakunnu, public offices, Victoria Jubilee Town Hall, public library, observatory, and bungalow museum being worthy of particular mention. The tower eastern gate of Sri Padmanabha Swamy temple was also beautifully lighted. These illuminations afforded a charming sight and constituted a fitting culmination to the day's celebrations attracting vast crowds of eager, jubilant, spectators who paraded the streets till late at night. The whole celebration went off most successfully, though at such short notice.—(By wire)

IN COIMBATORE

[ASSOCIATED PRESS OF INDIA]

Coimbatore, Nov. 13.

The public of Coimbatore celebrated the signing of the armistice by the Germans in a most befitting manner. Special services were held in all the churches. Several Hindu temples had their own form of religious worship, while the different mosques in the town offered similar services. A public meeting was held at the Victoria Town Hall when Mr. D. G. Waller, I.C.S., presided. Resolutions conveying to His Majesty the King Emperor loyal and respectful congratulations of the people and also congratulating Marshal Foch and Sir Douglas Haig were passed. Before dispersing the whole assembly accorded three lusty cheers for Their Majesties

IN CALICUT

[ASSOCIATED PRESS OF INDIA]

Calicut, Nov. 13.

The news of the armistice was received here yesterday with considerable joy by the local public and immediately after it, Union Jacks were seen flying on all the buildings in the town. This morning a big processsion headed by a caparisoned elephant with the portrait of His Majesty the King Emperor started from the Huzur and passed through all the main streets The procession was made up of officials and non-officials representing all castes, communities and professions, besides the students of all the educational institutions in Calicut with miniature flags in their hands, the local reserve police numbering about 200 and about 50 boy scouts. The procession was accorded hearty ovations throughout its route. The Zamorin Rajah also accompanied the party. At about 6 P.M. the procession reached the Mananchira maidan, which had been tastfully decorated with flags of the Allies. There was a parade and royal salute, the reserve police firing three rounds of "Fu de joi". On the maidan had been assembled about ten thousand people. Mr. F. B. Evans, I. C. S. Collector, read a proclamation to the effect that an armistice had been signed and that the sacred principles of true justice and true liberty for which they had fought had been triumphantly vindicated and that the civilisation of Europe had been saved. With three cheers to His Majesty the King Emperor and the Allies, the gathering dispersed. The whole town was illuminated in the night.

BANGALORE NEWS

[ASSOCIATED PRESS OF INDIA]

Bangalore, Nov. 13.

In connection with the influenza epidemic and food distress caused in the moffusil the Dewan and the members of the State council toured in various districts to make personal enquiries into the condition of the people. In the Mysore district, which was largely affected, Mr. P. Raghavendra Rao. Extra member, made enquiries, visiting all the important villages. From reliable enquiries made regarding the members visit it would appear that representations were made to the member that ragi was very badly wanted in most taluks in the district. The member it is stated visited all the grain bazaars in the Mysore city and among the various representations made to him one strong grievance appears to be the shortage of small cash and the discount levied by petty traders in changing rupee notes. Considerable difficulty is experienced by the poorer classes in this matter. It is stated that attempt has been made to relieve the situation by the introduction of coupon system. At Krishnaraja Sagara Works the member spent some time and at Seringapatam which he visited next representations were made to him that there were difficulties not only as regards the supply of ragi but kerosine oil and fuel as well. He visited French rocks, Melkoe and various other places in the district and made necessary suggestions to relieve the situation of which he was made aware.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

Pressure has fallen throughout and the fall has been brisk to rapid in the South of the Bay. A large depression overlies this area and extends from the Andaman sea to the South Madras and Ceylon Coasts. It is large enough and has room enough to develop into a fierce cyclone. Fresh to strong Easterly to South-Easterly winds are blowing at the Islands and the sea is rough at Port Blair. Velocities are much higher on the East Coast, directions north-easterly, the sea moderate to rough and weather squally. The circulation is irregular and wind directions do not indicate a well defined centre. Temperature changes are small and the mean is above the average especially inland. The excess is largely due to night temperatures which have been above normal by amounts ranging up to 7°. Humidity is high and much above normal in the Carnatic. Cloud has increased and skies are now overcast or nearly overcast except on the West Coast. Rain has been light and restricted to the Madras Coast and Ceylon.

Weather is stormy in the south of the Bay; rain continues on the East Coast.

Printed and Published By Rao Bahadur P. Theyagaraya Chetty, B.A. Hon. Secy. to the South Indian Peoples Association, Ld., at the "JUSTICE PRINTING WORKS" 16-A Mount Road Madras.